

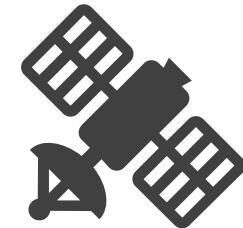
HUMANS TO MARS 2023

PHOEBE HENSON
SENIOR ADVANCED SYSTEMS ENGINEER
HUMAN SPACE R&D
HONEYWELL AEROSPACE

Honeywell



Honeywell's history of spaceflight



**Every U.S. human
space mission**

**80% of all
satellite missions**

Honeywell products have been on every US human space mission and 80% of all satellite missions.

Momentum Control

Constellation Series RWAs
Control Moment Gyros
Small Satellite RWAs
Momentum Control System



Satellite Electronics

On Board Computers
Payload Processing
Solid State Data Storage
On Board Networks (SpaceVPX, TTE)



Actuation Mechanisms & Isolation Systems

Thrust Vector Actuation
Docking System Actuators
Solar Array Gimbals



Environmental Control & Life Support Systems

Cabin Pressurization Control Systems of N₂/O₂
Gas & Liquid Flow Control Valves
Heat exchangers, Pumps, Fans, Sensors
CO₂ Removal (LiOH, CDRA, CDRILS)
Oxygen Recovery (Methane Pyrolysis)



Human Space and Satellite Mission Heritage

Mercury	Orion Crew Vehicle	SpaceX Dragon	Satellites (LEO, MEO, GEO)
Gemini	Space Launch System	Boeing CST-100	Strategic Missiles/Interceptors
Apollo	Deep Space Gateway	NG Cygnus	Hubble Space Telescope
Skylab	Human Landing System	SNC Dream Chaser	James Webb Telescope
Space Shuttle	International Space Station	QEYSSAT	Interplanetary Probes

RadHard Microelectronics & Sensors

ASICs & Memories
Mixed Signal Devices
Magnetic Sensors
Pressure Sensors



Avionics, Navigation & Displays

Vehicle Management Computer
Space Intg GPS/INS (SIGI), FTINU, INCA & RRGU
C&DH IO products (i.e. PDUs, MDMs etc.)
Displays & Hand Controls, Control Panels



Inertial Measurement Units

Miniature Inertial Measurement Unit (MIMU)
Startracker Measurement Unit (StarMU)
SPIRIT – Satellite IRU/IMU & SRIMU
High Performance FOG IRU



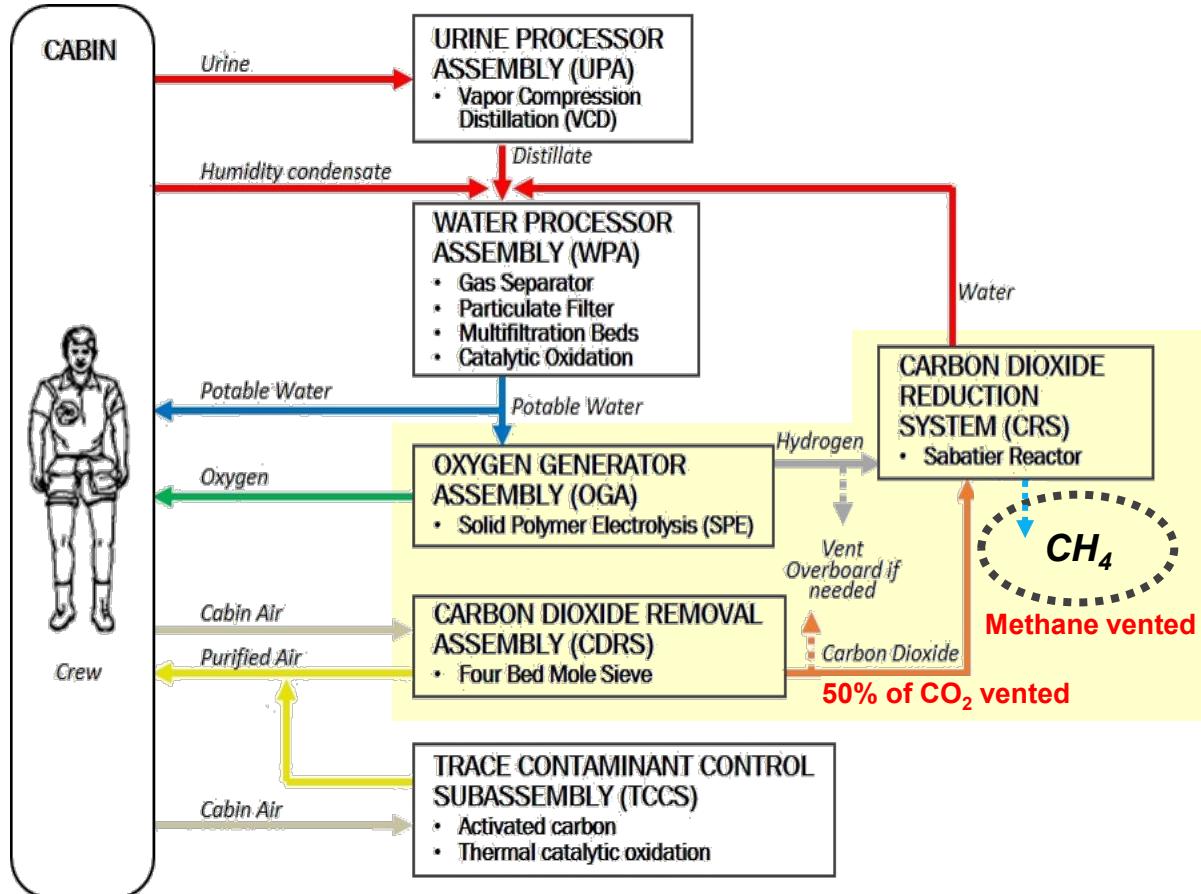
Satellite/Payload Systems

Secure Communication – QKD, Optical
Optical Imagery – Visible, IR
Space Situational Awareness
Astronomy – Fine pointing



CLOSING THE OXYGEN LOOP WITH METHANE PYROLYSIS

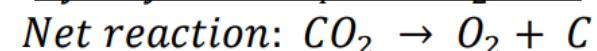
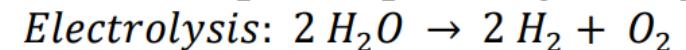
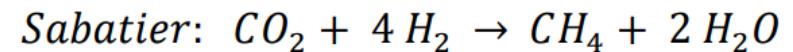
ECLSS Today



Current process is limited to <50% recovery of oxygen due to the hydrogen lost in the vented methane

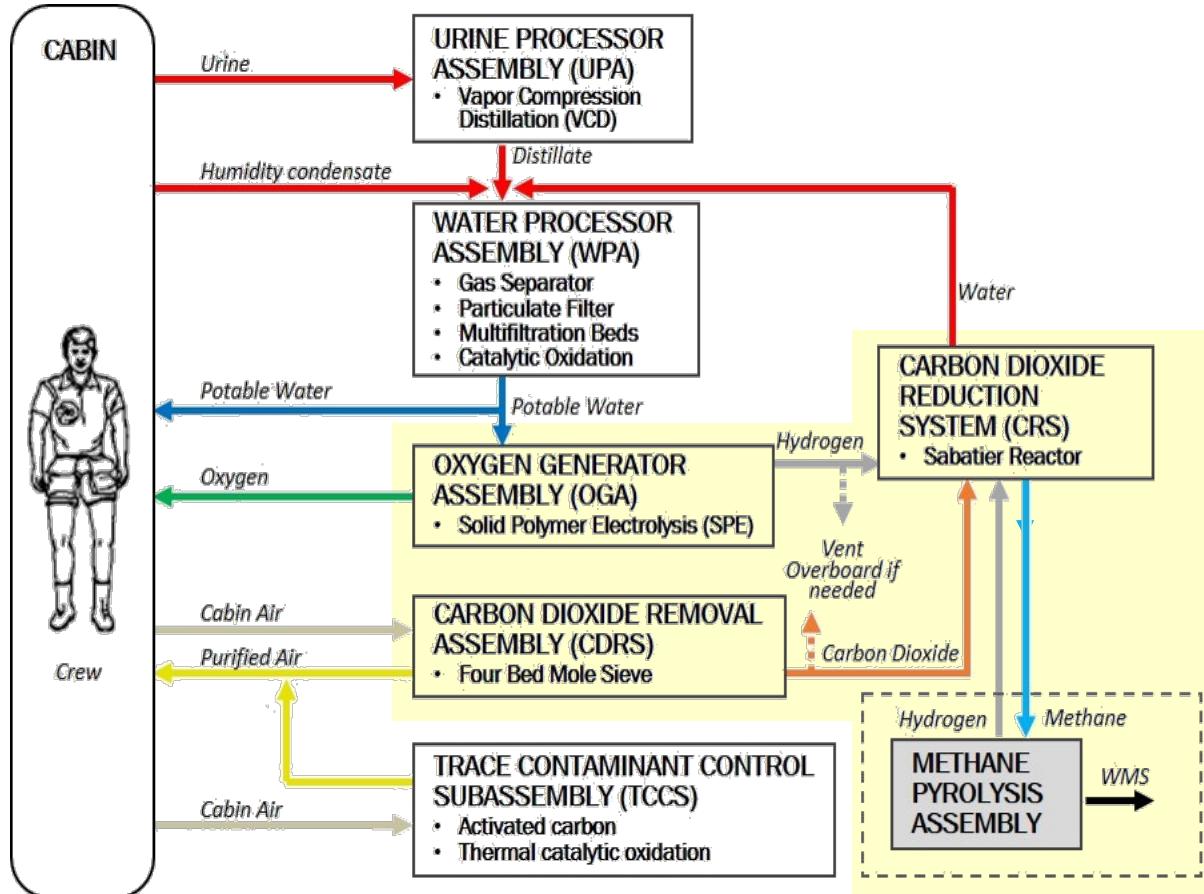
Not closing the loop will result in greater consumables on a trip to Mars

Methane pyrolysis can recover this hydrogen and close the oxygen loop



CLOSING THE OXYGEN LOOP WITH METHANE PYROLYSIS

ECLSS Tomorrow



Advantages of Methane Pyrolysis:

- Increases oxygen recovery to near 100%
- Leverages NASA's investment in Sabatier technology
- Product is clean, easily handled carbon
 - no separations steps, soot, or hazardous gases
- Robust technology



A MORE EFFICIENT, EFFECTIVE AND RELIABLE CARBON DIOXIDE REMOVAL BY IONIC LIQUID SYSTEM

Advantages of CDRILS:

- Maintains a lower CO₂ partial pressure
- More reliable and robust due to continuous system and tolerance to water
- Lower size, weight and power especially when integrating with downstream Sabatier
- Removes numerous trace contaminants

How it works:

- Exchange of EMIM Ac ionic liquid with promoter between a scrubber (CO₂ capture by the ionic liquid) and a stripper (CO₂ release)

Status:

- Six separate ground demonstrations built and under test



Laboratory CDRILS test stand



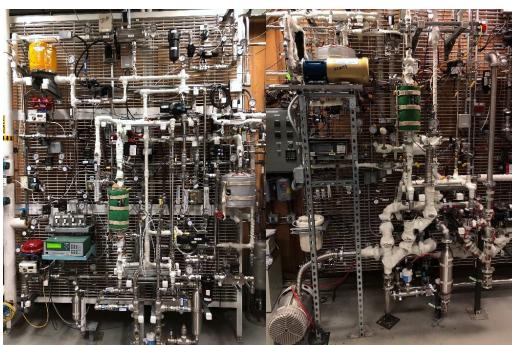
NASA CDRILS breadboard



NASA CDRILS contamination breadboard



Membrane durability test stand



CDRILS brassboard

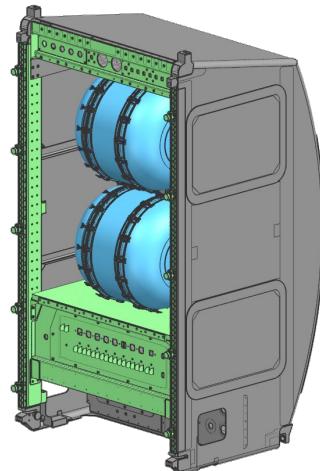


CDRILS prototype

STATUS OF ADVANCED ECLSS TECHNOLOGIES

NASA/Honeywell Methane Pyrolysis

- Brassboard reactor delivered to NASA for integrated system testing in 2022
- Flight-like reactor completing Preliminary Design Review in 2023



NASA/Honeywell CDRILS

- Six separate ground demonstrations built and under test
- Flight demonstration unit design in progress



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